

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

SATURDAY EVE., JULY 1, 1882.

TERMS:—The EVENING BULLETIN is published daily, and served free of postage at 6 cents per week; 25 cents per month; 75 cents per three months; \$1.50 per six months, and \$3 per year, payable in advance.

THE EVENING BULLETIN HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION IN THIS CITY, CHESTER AND ABERDEEN, OHIO, THAN ANY OTHER PAPER PUBLISHED IN MAYSVILLE.

FOR CONGRESS.

We are authorized to announce JAMES P. HARBESON, of Fleming county, as a candidate for Congress, subject to the action of the Democracy in convention assembled.

We are authorized to announce Col. J. SMITH HURT, of Bath County, as a candidate for Congress in the 9th Congressional District at the next November election. Subject to the action of the democratic party.

The Democrats of Vermont have nominated George C. Eaton for Governor.

In Lee county wheat commands only 50 cents a bushel. The crop is an enormous one.

The Prohibitionists of Michigan have nominated a State ticket, headed by Daniel P. Sagendorph for Governor. The platform demands woman suffrage.

Four hundred lottery cases are on the docket in St. Louis for trial in July. All the gambling cases have been disposed of and all the gambling houses closed.

Crop reports from the great Northwest the wheat country of the world, represent, the prospect growing brighter day by day for the most abundant crops ever harvested even in that land of phenomenally heavy wheat crops.

The House committee on ways and means has directed the preparation of a bill providing for the issuance of \$200,000,000 U. S. bonds to bear interest of 2 per cent. per annum, exchangeable with outstanding continued fives.

The National Board of Health has received from Havana information that there are about two hundred and twenty-five cases of yellow fever in that city, with a strong tendency towards becoming epidemic. Vessels are said to be bringing the disease to the United States.

According to the late census there are nine hundred and eighty papers in the United States, with an estimated daily circulation of about four million. The gross product of earnings of all the newspapers in the country for the year 1880 was a little more than \$87,000,000, and of this about \$55,000,000 was for advertising, the balance of the receipts being made up from subscriptions, sale of papers, etc.

Dr. James Shackelford.

Lexington Daily News.

Dr. James Shackelford, of Maysville, is mentioned as possible contestant for the place of Judge Phister in congress. He is a practicable and sensible man, who will serve honorably if elected.

Sale of the Republican.

Mr. F. W. Archibald and Mrs. Anna Frow Pennwitt, proprietors of the Maysville Republican, yesterday sold that paper to a firm consisting of Messrs. Robert Blaine, George B. Thomas and John Taylor, for the sum of \$5,150. A small part of the purchase money goes to Archibald & Pennwitt and the remainder to Mr. Newton Cooper and other creditors of the concern. The paper, we are informed, will continue to be published as a republican journal. The new proprietors are young gentlemen, well-known in this city. They are popular, capable, fair-minded men and worthy of favors the public may have to bestow. We wish them well.

HANGED,

And America Averages an Assassination.

Charles Jules Guiteau

Plays His Last Part in the National Tragedy,

And Closes His Career With the Hangman's Halter About His Neck—His Last Hours.

WASHINGTON, June 30th.—12:45 p. m.—The trap has just been sprung, and Guiteau is gasping his last. The procession formed in the corridor at Guiteau's cell, and marched solemnly to the scaffold, the condemned man being accompanied by his spiritual adviser, Dr. Hicks.

Warden Crocker signaled to a man concealed behind the scaffold, the trap was sprung, and Guiteau dropped like a flash, with a heavy thud. There is intense excitement in the streets, but no disorder.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—1:20 p. m.—At 1:17 the coffin was brought out and placed beside the body, and Marshal Henry, the warden doctors and others still stand about the hanging body. At 1:19 it was cut down and placed in the coffin.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—1 p. m.—Shortly before 12 o'clock Guiteau seemed to break down completely and burst into tears and sobbed hysterically. Dr. Hicks sat by his side fanning him and vainly trying to calm him.

About halfpast 11 preparations were begun to be made for his execution.

At 11:50 a detachment of artillery was formed on the east side of the rotunda, and brought their muskets to a parade rest. At that time about two hundred and fifty people were in the rotunda. Dr. Hicks was with the prisoner, engaged in prayer.

Guiteau showed great nervousness and appeared greatly startled when he heard the rattle of muskets on the stone floor of the rotunda.

From that moment Guiteau appeared to be thoroughly overcome with emotion. He wept freely, and gave way to great anguish.

The scene in the rotunda while waiting for the prisoner was one long to be remembered. The soldiers were drawn up on one side, a long line of spectators facing them on the other.

It was understood that Guiteau was very much depressed, and it was expected his passage to the gallows would present a very distressing sight. The movement of officers about the jail door was watched with eager attention.

After the death warrant was read by the warden the prisoner became more composed, and turning away, began to brush his hair.

At 12:25 a loud steam whistle was blown at the work house which is near the jail. This whistle usually blows at 12 o'clock, and by it Guiteau was in the habit of gauging time.

The delay to-day was by special arrangement, so that its startling summons might not come before the officers were ready. Two minutes later the iron gates at the corridor clicked. Then warden Crocker made his appearance, and a moment later the familiar figure was seen.

His face was pallid and the muscles about his mouth moved nervously. Other than this there was no signs of faltering. The procession moved quickly to the scaffold, and Guiteau ascended the somewhat steep steps with as much steadiness as could be expected from a man.

HIS PRAYER.

Guiteau's prayer was as follows: "Father, now I go to Thee and the Savior. I have finished the work Thou gavest me to do. I am only too happy to go to Thee. The world does not yet appreciate my mission, but Thou knowest it. Thou knowest Thou didst inspire Garfield's removal, and only good has come from it. This is the best evidence that the inspiration came from Thee, and I have set it forth in my book that all men may read and know that Thou, Father, didst inspire the act for which I am now murdered. Father, I tremble for the fate of my murderers, for this Government and this Nation by this act will incur eternal enmity, as did the Jews, they killing Thy man, my Savior. The retribution in that case came quick and sharp. I know Thy divine law of retribution will strike this Nation, and my murderers in the same way. The diabolical spirit of this Nation, its Government, and its newspapers towards me will justify Thee in cursing them, and I know that by divine law Thy divine law of retribution is inexorable; I therefore predict that the Nation

will go down in blood, and that my murderers from the Executive to the hangman will go to hell. Thy laws are inexorable. Oh, thou Supreme Judge, woe unto the men that violate Thy laws. Only weeping and gnashing of teeth awaits them. The American press has a large bill to settle with Thee, righteous Father, for their vivacity in this matter. Nothing but blood be on them and this Nation and its officials. Arthur, the President, is a coward and an ingrate. The ingratitude to the man that made him and saved his party and land from overthrow, has no parallel in history. But Thou, righteous Father, will judge him. Father, Thou knowest, but the world hath not known me. But now I go to Thee and the Savior without the slightest ill will towards a human being. Farewell, ye of the earth."

[Signed.] CHARLES GUITEAU.

Guiteau's will, which is made in the form of a letter, is as follows:

"WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29, 1882.

"To REV. WM. W. HICKS: I, Charles Guiteau, of the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, now under sentence of death, which is to be carried into effect between the hours of twelve and two o'clock on the 30th day of June, A. D., 1882, in the United States Jail, in the said District, do hereby give and grant you my body after such execution; provided, however, it shall not be used for any mercenary purpose; and I hereby, for good and sufficient consideration, give, deliver and transfer to said Hicks, my book entitled 'The Truth and Removal,' and copyright thereof, to be used by him in writing a truthful history of my life and execution, and I direct that such history be entitled 'The Life and Work of Charles Guiteau'; and I hereby solemnly proclaim and announce to all the world that no person or persons shall ever, in any manner use my body for any mercenary purposes whatsoever; and if any person or persons shall desire to have my remains, they can do it by erecting a monument, whereon shall be inscribed these words, 'Here lies the body of Charles Guiteau, Patriot and Christian. His soul is in glory.'"

CHARLES GUITEAU."

"Witnesses: Charles A. Reed, James Woodward."

At 10 o'clock there was a large crowd of newspaper correspondents crowding about the gate leading into Guiteau's corridor, but they could see nothing except the wooden door which screens Guiteau's cell from view.

Now and then a guard appeared at this door and sent some message to the Warden. At such times those at the gate got a view of the table, corridor and chair on which the death watch sat.

After Guiteau had finished copying his "Prayer upon the Scaffold" he began to arrange his dress, putting on a pair of navy blue trousers.

At 10:30 the guard came out of the door and said: "He is ready for Dr. Hicks, now, and wants the flowers to come."

Another guard, who took the message, hurried off and soon returned with Hicks, who went into the cell.

Guiteau was then reported by his guard to be apparently very composed.

Guiteau's message about flowers referred to his expectation that Mrs. Scoville would send some flowers to him, but none had arrived at the jail at the time he asked for them. After a short conference with Warden Crocker, John W. Guiteau went outside the jail to see his sister. He found her in great excitement, bordering on hysteria, but after a short time he succeeded in calming her and dissuading her from any further attempts to gain admission.

She acknowledged the propriety of such a course, but she could not possibly remain in the city during all the wretched hours of the morning. She brought with her the flowers which Guiteau had asked for, and they were taken to the prisoner.

Mrs. Scoville also brought two handsome floral pieces, a cross and anchor, which she will place upon her brother's coffin with her own hands.

While Dr. Hicks was in the prisoner's cell at 11 o'clock, Guiteau made some requests as to the execution, and having made copies of his "last prayer," poem, and other writings, tore up the originals.

He then sent for the jail bootblack and gave him his shoes to be shined. His dinner was brought as the Doctor was leaving, and he ate with much relish. His dinner consisted of a pound of broiled steak, a dish of fried potatoes, four slices of toast and a quart of coffee.

Dr. Hicks, when he came out of the cell, said the prisoner had not the slightest fear. "We have had a pleasant religious talk. He feels now that he is prepared, and he is ready for the last formality. He commits himself to God with the utmost confidence. I think he will show some emotion, because the nervous strain is so great." "Nobody," Dr. Hicks said, "had seen the prisoner at that time, except himself and the jail officers."

At 11 o'clock Dr. A. E. MacDonald, of New York, and Dr. Francis Loring, of this city, expert witnesses at the trial of Guiteau, arrived at the Jail.

Dr. MacDonald said as he understood it, the autopsy would be performed by three physicians and agreed upon by the friends of the condemned man. Afterwards the brain would be removed for further examination.

The three physicians selected to perform the autopsy are Dr. Lamb, who made the autopsy of the President, Dr. Sauers and Dr. Hartigan, deputy coroner, of this city. Dr. Loring expects to make a thorough examination of the prisoner's eyes.

THE AUTOPSY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30, 1882.—After an examination of the eyes the brain was removed and inspected, Dr. A. B. Loring found the left eye completely suffused with blood, and both eyes were so indistinct that no opinion could be formed of their condition or expression. Then the body was cut open and thorough and complete examination made with a view of determining all the physiological facts that could be of interest in connection with the case.

THE BRAIN WAS FOUND TO BE IN A NORMAL CONDITION.

And weighed forty-nine ounces. The heart weighed a little over nine ounces and was in a healthy condition, as were all the other internal organs. Dr. MacWilliams, the first physician to leave the room where the autopsy was held, said there was nothing, so far as he could see, about the brain that was abnormal. Its weight, according to Dr. MacWilliams, was forty-nine and a half ounces; the general viscera, he said, were in perfect condition.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good building lot on the Germantown pike near city limits; also two frame dwellings on Grant street. Apply to M. F. MARSH, Court Street.

FOR SALE—A valuable patent Overdraw Check Rein Attachment for bridles, one of the finest patents in use. State rights for sale. Address F. G. McKIBBEN, Augusta, Ky.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two good rooms over my grocery. Suitable for anything excepting family. S. R. POWELL & CO., 121st St. Third street, East of Limestone.

LOST.

LOST—Black cape veil. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. 1td

LOST! LOST! LOST!—A good fit if you do not leave your orders with the Fifth Ward Tailor. mar31st J. H. WEDDING.

OVERDRAW CHECK REIN

Attachment For Bridles.

A New and Useful Invention,

WHICH COMBINES

Simplicity, Practicability and Cheapness.

THE patent here referred to is now in the market for sale. It has been thoroughly tested and found satisfactory in every respect. We feel confident that capitalists and speculators who are seeking profitable investment would find it to their interest to carefully examine it. There is a vast demand in the line of the patent, and nothing before this has been brought out which gives as great satisfaction. As an article upon which to build either a wholesale or retail trade it has no superior, and we respectfully request that you address us for full description of the patent with terms. We are determined to put the patent on the market at such figures that it will entail no loss on a purchaser. If purchasers desire to secure a large section of territory for the purpose of re-selling in smaller sections, we will give special terms. For further particulars address BULLETIN OFFICE, or F. C. McKIBBEN, Augusta, Ky. je2l

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